

# 1. Description

SurTec 650 is a RoHS, REACH compliant and QPL approved liquid chemical used to form a protective conversion coating on aluminum surfaces without the use of hexavalent chromium.

- ☑ QPL Number 81706
- ☑ Mil-C-5541
- Document ID Mil-DTL-81706B, Type II, Class 1A, Form I, Method C
- Document ID Mil-DTL-81706B, Type II, Class 3, Form I, Method C
- ☑ Environmentally safe and non toxic.
- ☑ RoHS compliant
- ☑ REACH compliant

#### 2. Application instructions (See Section 5)

To ensure a uniform coating, the aluminum surface must be clean and deoxidized.

Concentration:	20-30% by volume
pH:	3.8-3.95
Temperature:	70Ƴ-100ƳF (90ƳF optimum)
Immersion time:	2-6 minutes

## DO NOT BE ALARMED!

Class 1A coated surfaces are generally clear or faint tan, not gold, like you are accustomed to seeing.

## 3. Conditions for using SurTec 650

Equipment:	Tanks should be made of stainless steel, PVC, Polyethylene or Polypropylene. Associated equipment should be constructed of stainless steel or chemically resistant polymers.
Racks:	Titanium racks are recommended for work load.
pH adjustments:	Avoid quick additions, as it may destabilize the solution. Lower with 10% v/v sulfuric acid. Raise with 1-10% w/v sodium hydroxide. pH should be checked once per shift with a calibrated meter.
Water:	Deionized
Temperature:	Automatic temperature control is recommended.
Filtration:	A light precipitate will form during the chromating process. Filter the bath on a regular basis. Use a 15-20 micron filter.
Concentration:	DO NOT ALLOW CONCENTRATION TO FALL BELOW 20% BY VOLUME.

# 4. Solution makeup

Clean tank thoroughly before make-up. For new tanks or new liners, leach with 10% sulfuric acid, then rinse thoroughly before use.

- 1. Fill 50% of tank volume with deionized water.
- 2. Add the required amount of SurTec 650 liquid and mix.
- 3. Add more deionized water to about 90% of final volume.
- 4. Adjust solutions pH to 3.9 while slowly and constantly mixing.
- 5. Adjust to final volume.
- 6. For new tanks, allow solution to stand overnight and adjust pH the next morning if required.

## 5. Typical application cycle

SurTec 650 should be applied to surfaces that have been thoroughly cleaned and deoxidized. Alkaline etching should be avoided unless the surface is rough or heavily oxidized.

- 1. Clean
- 2. Rinse
- 3. Deoxidize (Field experience and laboratory tests confirm that the use of an iron base deoxidizer improves corrosion protection.)
- 4. Rinse
- 5. Chromate
  25% by vol
  90YF
  2-3 minutes, top coat applications.
  4-6 minutes, bare applications.
- 6. Rinse in cool, clean running water.
- 7. Optional warm water rinse, not to exceed 140YF.
- 8. Air dry at ambient temperature

# 6. Storage

Store in original container in a cool dry location. Do not store with oxidizers. Keep from freezing.

# 7. Packaging

5 gallons 55 gallons

#### 8. Product safety

We recommend that the company/operator read and review the **M**aterial **S**afety **D**ata **S**heet for the appropriate health and safety warnings before use.

# 9. <u>Titration procedure</u>

Reagents: Sodium Hydroxide,10% Hydrogen Peroxide, 35% Hydrochloric Acid, 50% Potassium Iodide, 10% 0.1N Sodium Thiosulfate Starch Solution, 1%

Sample preparation:

Take sample from well mixed working solution. Let solution cool to room temperature. If turbid, allow to settle.

Procedure: 1. Pipette 100 ml of sample into 250 Erlenmeyer flask.

- 2. Add 20 ml of Sodium Hydroxide.
- 3. Add 5 ml of Hydrogen Peroxide and stir for 5 minutes.
- 4. Add another 5 ml of Hydrogen Peroxide, stir for 5 minutes more.
- Boil the solution for 45 minutes in order to evaporate any excess Hydrogen Peroxide, but do not allow the solution to evaporate below 50 ml. Add di- water to boiling flask if needed.
- 6. Cool solution and add di- water to 100 ml mark.
- 7. Filter the solution slowly with a fine grained filter paper, Whatman #42 is recommended.
- 8. Rinse filter paper with di-water to wash any yellow color into the flask.
- 9. Add 40 ml Hydrochloric Acid. If you don't boil long enough to remove all of the Hydrogen Peroxide, the solution will turn a dark blue color.
- 10. Allow solution to cool to room temperature.
- 11. Add 2-4 ml Potassium lodide.
- 12. Titrate with 0.1N Sodium Thiosulfate until the solution is a straw-yellow color.
- 13. Add some starch solution to develop a dark blue color.
- 14. Continue to titrate until the blue color disappears.
- 15. Record the mls of 0.1N Sodium Thiosulfate used.

Calculation: mls of Sodium Thiosulfate used x 1.613 = % by vol SurTec 650

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